1. The following balances were extracted from the books of Shri Vinod Kumar on $31^{\text {st }}$ March 2014.

| Particulars | Amount | Amount |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Capital | -- | 24,500 |
| Drawings | 2,000 |  |
| General Expenses | 2,500 |  |
| Building | 11,500 |  |
| Machinery | 9,340 |  |
| Stock (1 April 2013) | 16,200 |  |
| Power | 2,240 |  |
| Taxes \& Insurance | 1,315 |  |
| Wages | 7,200 |  |
| Sundry Debtors | 6,280 | - |
| Sundry Creditors | --- | 500 |
| Charity | 105 |  |
| Bad Debts | 550 |  |
| Bank Overdraft |  | 11,180 |
| Sales |  | 65,360 |
| Purchases | 47,000 |  |
| Scooter | 2,000 |  |
| Stationery Expenses | 500 |  |
| Bad Debts Provision | --- | 900 |
| Commission | --- | 1,320 |
| Trade Expenses | 1,280 |  |
| Bills Payable | --- | 3,850 |
| Cash | 100 |  |
|  | 1,09,600 | 1,09,610 |

Adjustments:
(i) Stock on $31^{\text {st }}$ March 2014 was valued at Rs. 23,500
(ii) $1 / 5^{\text {th }}$ of General expenses and Taxes and insurance to be charged to factory and balance to office.
(iii) Depreciate machinery at $10 \%$ and scooter by Rs. 240
(iv) Provide 700 for outstanding interest on bank overdraft
(v) Prepaid insurance is to the extent of Rs. 50
(vi) Write off furrther bad debts of Rs. 160 and maintain provision for bad debts at $5 \%$ on debtors.
2. The following were the balances of Vinod Bros. as on 31 ${ }^{\text {st }}$ March 2014:

Taking into account the following adjustments prepare the Trading and profit and loss
account and balance sheet as on $31^{\text {st }}$ March 2014:
a) Stock in hand at the end Rs. 6,800
b) Machinery is to be depreciated at the rate of $10 \%$ and patents @ $20 \%$
c) Salaries for the month of March 2014 amounting to Rs.1,500 outstanding
d) Insurance inludes a premium of Rs. 170 on a policy expiring on 30 September 14.
e) Further bad debts are Rs. 725 . Create a provision @ $5 \%$ on Debtors
f) Rent Receivable Rs.1,000.

| Particulars | Amount | Particulars | Amount |
| :--- | ---: | :--- | ---: |
| Cash in hand | 540 | Sales | 98,780 |
| Cash at bank | 2,630 | Return outwards | 500 |
| Purchase Account | 40,675 | Capital | 62,000 |
| Return inwards | 680 | Sundry Creditors | 6,300 |
| Wages | 8,480 | Rent | 9,000 |
| Fuel and water | 4,730 |  |  |
| Carriage on sales | 3,200 |  |  |
| Carriage on purchases | 2,040 |  |  |
| Stock | 5,760 |  |  |
| Building | 32,000 |  |  |
| Freehold land | 10,000 |  |  |
| Machinery | 20,000 |  |  |
| Salaries | 15,000 |  |  |
| Patents | 7,500 |  |  |
| General Expenses | 3,000 |  |  |
| Insurance | 600 |  |  |
| Drawings | 5,245 |  |  |
| Sundry Debtors | 14,500 |  |  |

3. The following balances are taken from the books of Mr. Vinod Kumar. You are required to prepare Trading Account, Profit and Lośs Account and Balance Sheet for the year ending on $31^{\text {st }}$ March 2014.

| Particulars | Amount | Particulars | Amount |
| :--- | ---: | :--- | ---: |
| Capital | $1,20,000$ | Drawings | 21,000 |
| Opening Stock | 45,000 | Plant and Machinery | 24,000 |
| Furniture | 1,500 | Purchases | $2,95,000$ |
| Sales | $4,35,000$ | Insurance | 1,500 |
| Purchase Return | 4,000 | Sales return | 7,000 |
| Rent | 5,000 | Trade expenses | 2,000 |
| Salaries | 24,000 | Wages | 40,000 |
| Bad Debts | 1,000 | 6\% Investment | 50,000 |
| Debtors | 40,000 | Sundry Creditor | 19,000 |
| Bad Debts Reserves | 800 | Cash | 12,200 |
| Advertisement expense | 6,000 | Miscellaneous Receipts | 1,200 |
| Patents | 4,800 |  |  |

Adjustments:
(a) Closing Stock Rs.75,000
(b) Depreciate Machinery by $10 \%$ and Furniture by $20 \%$
(c) Wages Rs.5,000 and Salaries Rs.1,200 are outstanding
(d) Write off Rs. 500 as bad debts and create $5 \%$ provision for bad debts. Also create a reserve for discount on debtors @ $2 \%$.
(e) Investments were made on $1^{\text {st }}$ July 2013 and no interest has been received so far.
4. Calculate the value of Opening Stock from the following:

| Particulars | Amount | Particulars | Amount |
| :--- | ---: | :--- | :--- |
| Cash sales | 40,000 | Closing Stock | 36,000 |
| Credit Sales | $1,65,000$ | Purchases | $1,24,000$ |
| Sales Return (out of credit | 5,000 | Carriage inwards | 8,000 |
| sales) |  | Rate of Gross Profit | $40 \%$ of sales |
| Purchase Return | 4.000 |  |  |

5. From the following balances, prepare Trading and Profit \& Loss account for the year ended 31 ${ }^{\text {st }}$ December 2014 and a balance sheet as on that date after making the necessary adjustments:

| Particulars | Amount |
| :--- | ---: |
| Trade Expenses | 800 |
| Freight \& Duty | 2,000 |
| Carriage outwards | 500 |
| Sundry debtors | 20,600 |
| Furniture \& Fixtures | 5,000 |
| Return inwards | 2,000 |
| Printing \& Stationery | 400 |
| Rent, Rates \& Tax | 4,600 |
| Sundry Creditors | 10,000 |
| Sales | $1,20,000$ |
| Return outwards | 1,000 |
| Postage \& Telegram | 800 |
| Purchase | 82,000 |
| Stock | 15,000 |
| Plant and machinery (Opening balance) | 20,000 |
| Additions to Plant and machinery (on 1st July 2014) | 5,000 |
| Drawings | 6,000 |
| Capital | 80,000 |
| Reserve for doubtful debts | 800 |
| Rent for premises sublet | 1,600 |
| Insurance charges | 700 |
| Salaries and wages |  |
| Cash in hand |  |
| Cash at bank |  |

Additional information:
(i) Stock at the end was Rs. 14,000
(ii) Write off Rs. 600 as bad debts
(iii) Reserve for doubtful debts is to be maintained at $5 \%$ on sundry debtors
(iv) Depreciate funiture \& fixtures at 5\% p.a. and on Plant and Machinery at $20 \%$ p.a. (v) Insurance prepaid was Rs. 100
(vi) A fire occured on $5^{\text {th }}$ December in the same year in the godown and stock of the value of Rs. 5,000 was destroyed. It was insured and insurance company admitted full claim.
6. Show the treatment of following items in Profit and Loss Account and balance sheet and also prepare provision for doubtful debts:

Trial Balance

| Particulars | Debit | Credit |
| :--- | :---: | :---: |
| Debtors | 40,300 | ---- |
| Provision for doubtful debts | ----- | 2,000 |
| Bad debts | 700 | ---- |

Adjustments:
(i) During the year there was a further bad debt of Rs. 300
(ii) Make a provision for doubtful debts @ 5\%
(iii) Create discount on debtors @ 2\%
7. From the following balances prepare Trading Account, P/L Account and B/S.

| Particulars | Debit | Credit |
| :--- | ---: | ---: |
| Capital | -- | 25,000 |
| Purchase and Purchase Return | 60,000 | 2,000 |
| Sales and Sales Return | 1,000 | 80,000 |
| Debtors and Creditors | 8,000 | 4,000 |
| Discount | 100 | 300 |
| Opening Stock | 500 | -- |
| Repair and Renewals | 400 | -- |
| Wages | 700 | -- |
| Carriage outward | 400 | -- |
| Machinery | 16,000 | -- |
| Investment | 14,000 |  |
| Life insurance | 500 | - |
| Drawings | 1,000 | -- |
| Insurance | 500 |  |
| Cash in hand | 8,595 | -- |
| Creditors (others) | --- | 395 |
|  | $1,11,695$ | $1,11,695$ |

Closing Stock was Rs.5,465.
8. Following balances are taken from the Trial Balance of Shri Vinod Kumar, you are required to prepare Trading Account and Calculate Groṣs Profit.

| Particulars | Amount | Particulars | Amount |
| :--- | ---: | :--- | ---: |
| Opening Stock | 10,000 | Wages | 21,000 |
| Purchases | $2,15,000$ | Carriage inwards | 9,000 |
| Purchases Return | 8,000 | Factory rent | 15,000 |
| Sales | $4,80,000$ | Freight | 12,000 |
| Sales Return | 11,000 | Octroi | 3,000 |

Show your working clearly.
9. From the following balances prepare Trading Account, P/L Account and B/S.

| Particulars | Amount | Particulars | Amount |
| :--- | ---: | :--- | ---: |
| Opening Stock | 27,400 | Sales | $4,02,160$ |
| Purchases | $2,83,950$ | Purchases Returns | 1,150 |
| Sales Return | 2,005 | Creditors | 62,000 |
| Carriage | 8,715 | Discount | 110 |
| Wages | 58,840 | Capital | 50,000 |
| Coal, Gas and water | 42,860 |  |  |
| Manufacturing expenses | 4,840 |  |  |
| Debtor | 67,900 |  |  |
| General Expenses | 4,890 |  |  |
| Salaries | 4,305 |  |  |
| Rent, rates and taxes | 1,910 |  |  |
| Cash in hand | 75 |  |  |
| Livestock | 4,730 |  | $5,15,420$ |
| Drawings | 3,000 |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |

Closing Stock was valued at Rs. 53,800 .
10. Vinod Sold goods to Mr. Kumar worth Rs.2,000 and drew a bill of exchange on Mr. Kumar. Vinod Retained the bill with him till maturity. On due date the bill was honoured. Pass necessarv iournal entires in the books of Vinod and Mr. Kumar.
11. Ghanshyam sold goods for Rs. 20,000 to Dalbir Singh on credit on Jan 01, 2010. Ghanshyam drew a bill of exchange upon Dalbir singh for the same amount for three months. Dalbir Singh accepted the bill and returned it to Ghanshyam. Dalbir Singh met his acceptance on maturity. Record the necessary journal entries if Ghanshyam retained the bill till the date of its maturity and collected directly.
12. Ashok sold goods worth Rs. 4,000 to Brown on credit and drew a bill of same amount at three months on Brown. which was duly accepted by Brown and met on maturity. Pass necessary Journal entries in the books of Ashok and Brown.
13. Ram purchased goods from Shyam for Rs. 4,000 on $1^{\text {st }}$ March 1994 , and accepted a bill of exchange for 2 months drawn on him by Shyam on the same date for the amount. Shyam got the bill discounted at his bank at $12 \%$ p.a. on due date Ram met the bill. Pass entries in the books of Ram and Shyam.
14. Rakesh's acceptance to Mukesh for Rs. 50,000 is discharged by immediate cash payment of Rs.21,000 including interest of Rs.1,000 and an acceptance of a bill for the balance. Give Journal entries for the above transaction.
15. Puneet's acceptance to Rakesh for Rs. 40,000 which was endorsed to Kamat is dishonoured, Rs. 500 being paid as noting charges. Give journal entries for the above transaction.
16. Suresh's acceptance to Rakesh for Rs 90,000 is retired before its due date for Rs. 88,500 . Give journal entries for the above transaction.
17. X Draws a bill on Y for Rs. 20,000 on September 4, 2005 payable after 4 months. X discounts the bill with the bank @ $12 \%$ on October 7. The bill is dishonoured on the due date. Pass necessary journal entries in the books of X and Y if bank paid Rs. 300 as noting charges.
18. Journalise the following in the books of Neelam:
a. Neelam's acceptance to Dinesh for Rs.2,000 renewed at 3 months together with interest $18 \%$.
b. Ranjan requests Neelam to renew his acceptance for Rs.1,500 for two months. Neelam agrees to it provided interest is paid at $20 \%$ in cash.
c. Neelam's acceptance in favour of Guddi for Rs.15,000 dishonoured and noting charges paid by Guddi Rs. 20 which was paid by cheque later on.
19. Harleen draws a bill on Shweta for Rs. 2,000 which Shweta accepts on 1st January 1996. The bill is discounted on 1st Februry 1996 For Rs. 1,970. Shweta meets the bill on the due date. Pass necessary journal entries in the books of Herleen and Shweta.
20. Journalise the following transactions:
a. Retired our acceptance to Pawan Kumar for Rs.10,000 by a cheque of Rs. 6,000 and a new bill for the balance plus interest @ $12 \%$ p.a. for three months.
b. Our acceptance for Rs. 3,000 retired by us before the due date under a rebate of Rs.50.
c. Our acceptance to A for Rs.5,000 was discharged by us by giving to him B's acceptance to us for the similar amount.

